

The Will & The Thrill

Experience, Exposure and Enjoyment

- > Can do ethos
- Books
- Rhymes
- **Poems**
- Songs

- Clever conversations
- Vocabulary
- Story making and telling
- Bringing books to life
- > Love, joy and laughter

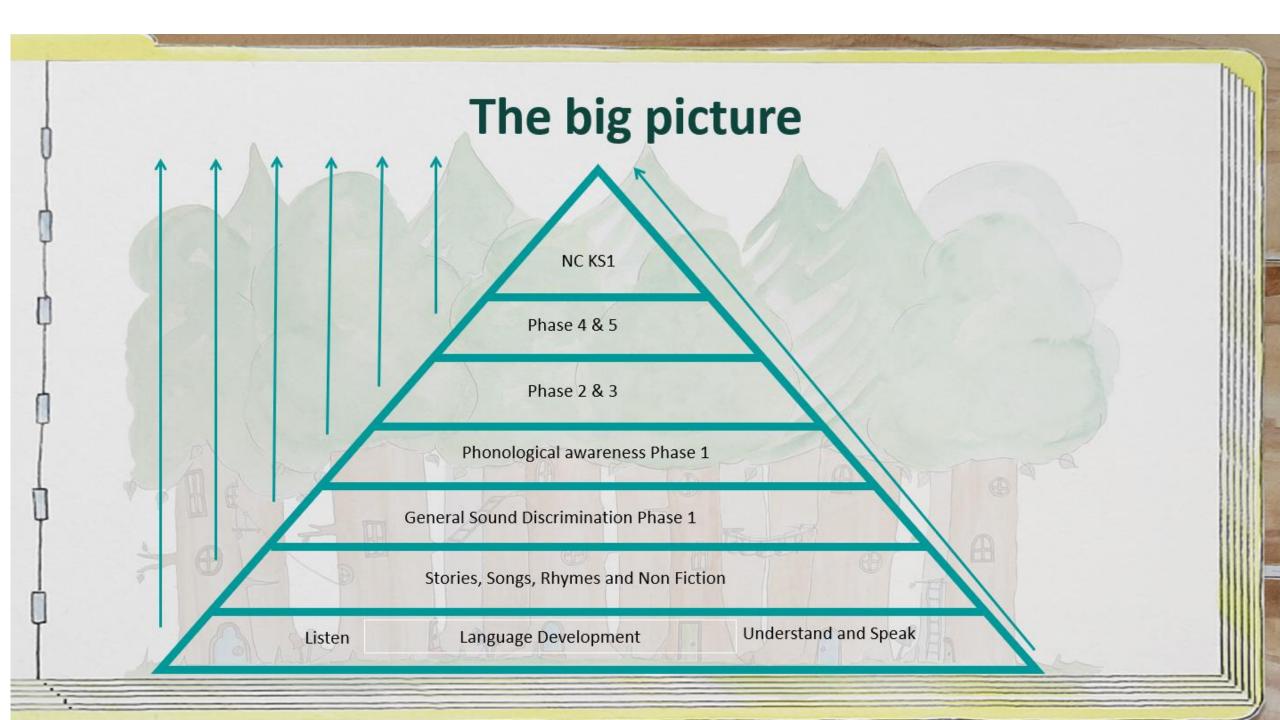
Reading and writing float on a sea of talk



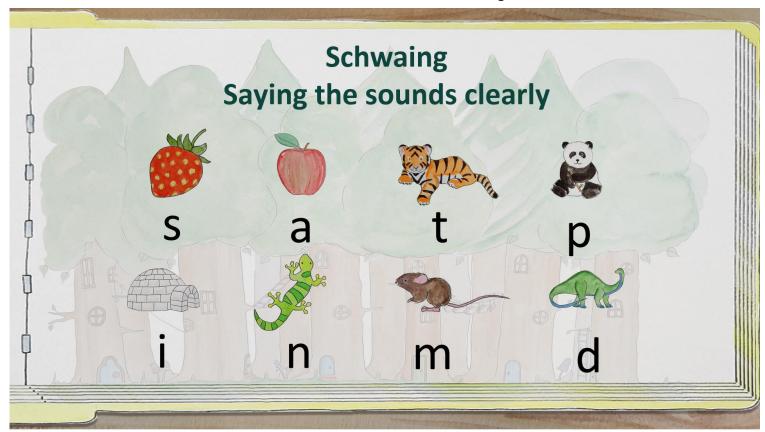
If children do not have a wide spoken vocabulary they will not be able to read the words when they see written down.

- Reading to your child is an excellent way to extend a child's vocabulary.
- Talk, talk and talk with your child.
- Play with words- poetry and silly rhymes

Add pages from EYFS Reading PPT



Enunciation of phonemes

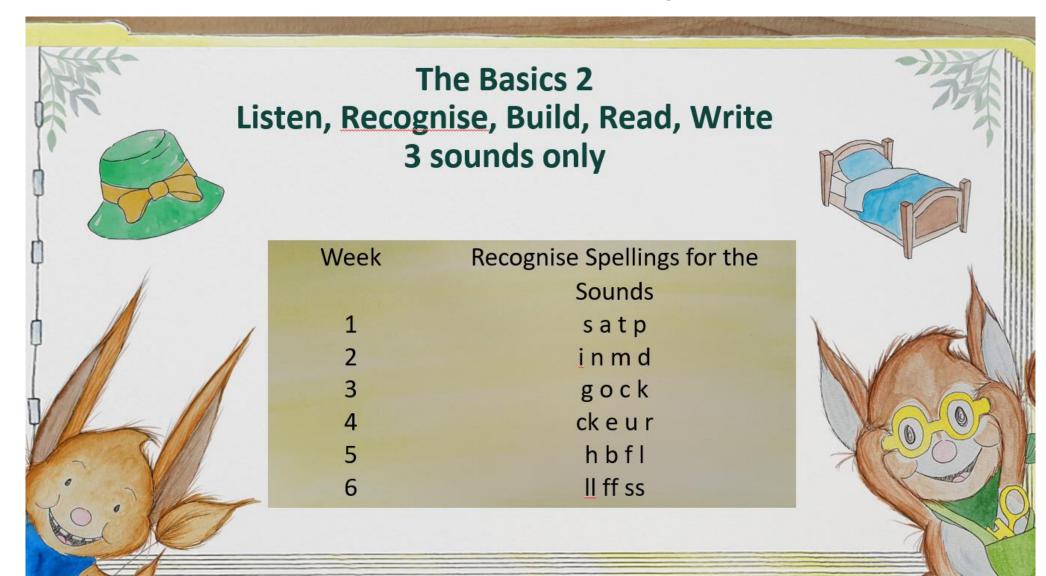


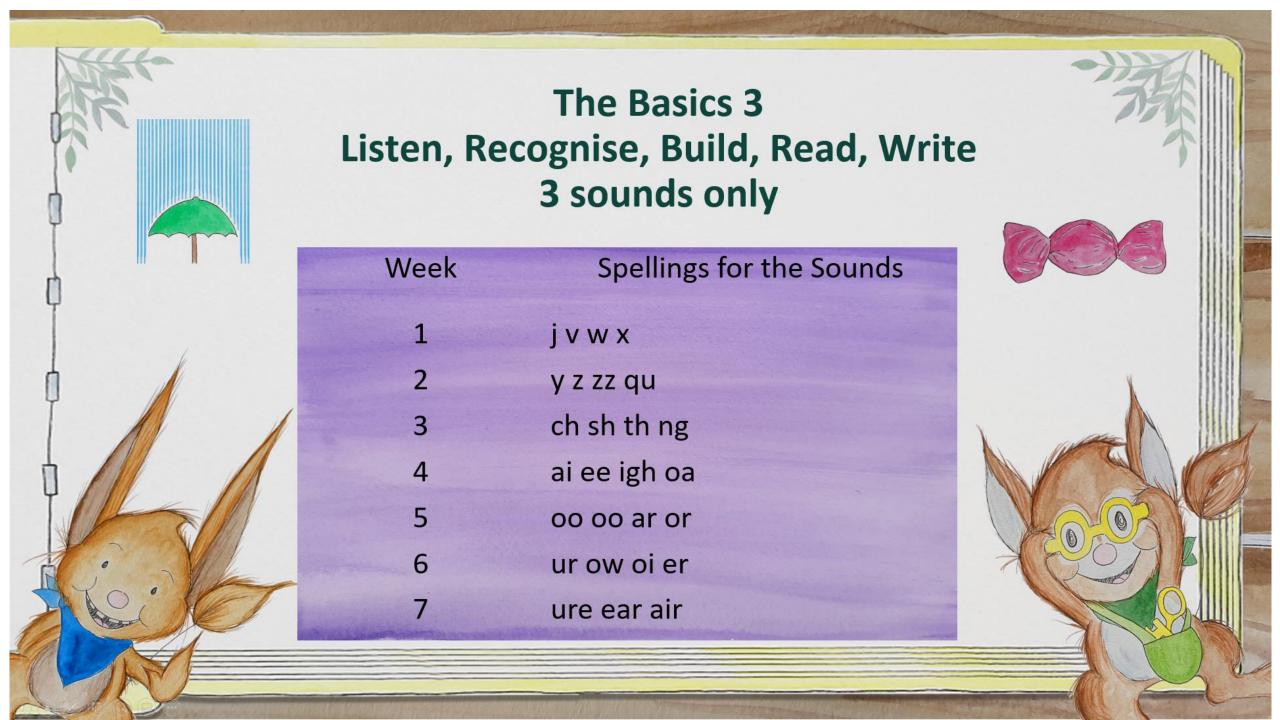
Sounds should be articulated clearly and precisely.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DWQ6MeccRCU



What your child should have been introduced to in Reception:



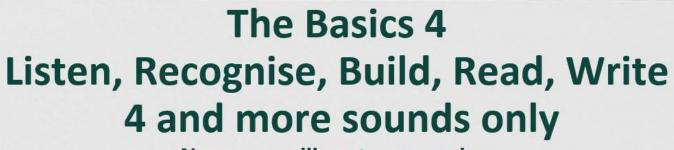


Definitions

- Phoneme- single sound
- Grapheme- (spelling) –how the phoneme is written down
- Segmenting-Break down a word into it's individual sounds (phonemes) to spell
- Blending- putting the sounds together to read the word
- Digraph- two letters make one sound
- Trigraph- three letters make one sound
- Split Digraph-like a digraph but split e.g. make, stroke
- Tricky word- a word children cannot blend as they have not been taught those graphemes yet. Need to sight read
- Vowel- a, e, l, o, u
- Consonant- all other letters of the alphabet
- CVC words- words with three sounds e.g. cat, shop, sheep

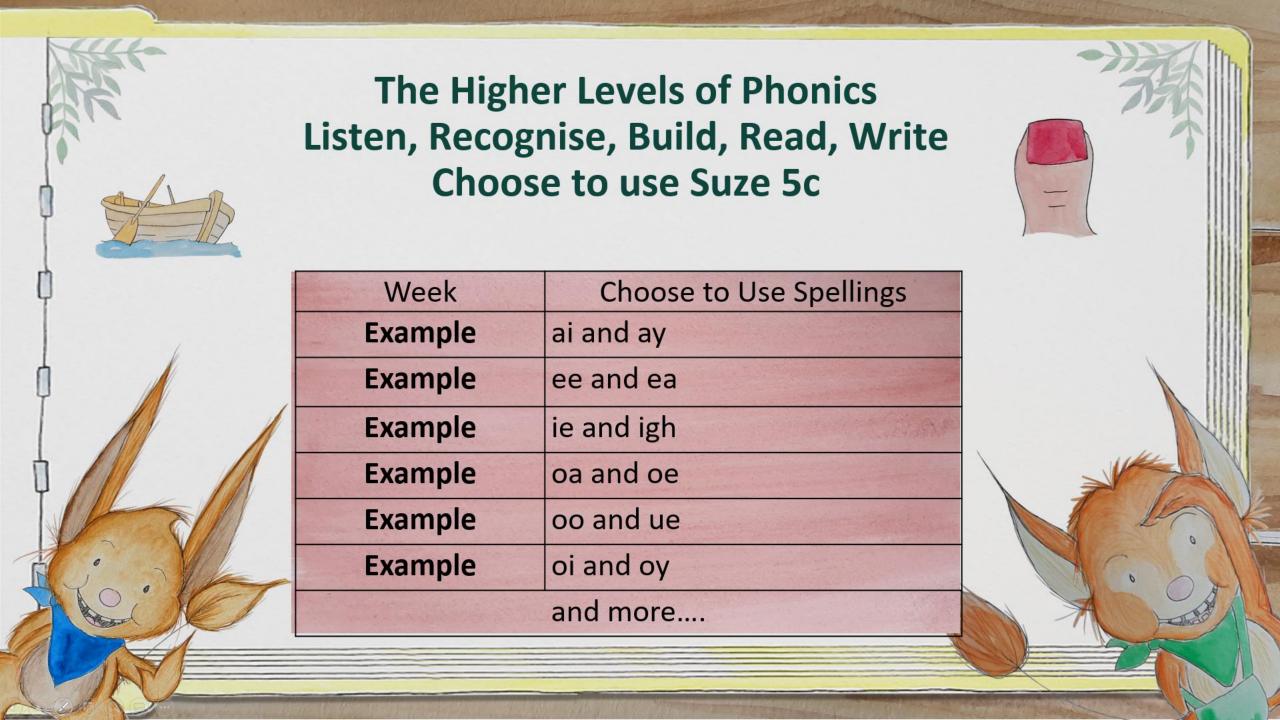
As Children Enter KS1

- > Children should be able to say the sounds of all or most of the Basics 2 & 3 graphemes/spellings.
- Children should be able to find all or most of the Basics 3 graphemes/spellings when given a sound.
- ➤ Children should be able to independently blend and read CVC words containing phase 2 and 3 sounds.
- ➤ Children should be able to make phonetically plausible attempts at blending CVC words in spelling.
- ➤ Children should be able to read and spell all Basics 2 tricky words and read all Basics 3 tricky words independently.



No new spellings to remember

Week	Listening to more than 3
	sounds in a word
1	CVCC tent camp
2	CCVC stop flag
3	CVCC roast paint
4	CCVC float brain
5	CCVCC splash
6	CCCVCC sprint



Supersonic Steps in Teaching New Learning

Supersonic Phonic Job

Supersonic Phonic Job

Practise Read or Write

Apply Read or Write



The spelling for the sound we can hear in a word. Choose to use /ai/ and /ay/

Listen with Len

See it with Sam

Choose with Suze

Segment with Seb and Build with Bill

Read with Rex

Write with Ron

Choose with Suze

Choose to Use Read

Spelling frame

ai or ay

ai	ay
rain	play
paint	stay
brain	day
train	tray

Ben and Bill stay and play in the rain and looked for a train.

Len has got some paint on the tray.



Teaching split digraphs



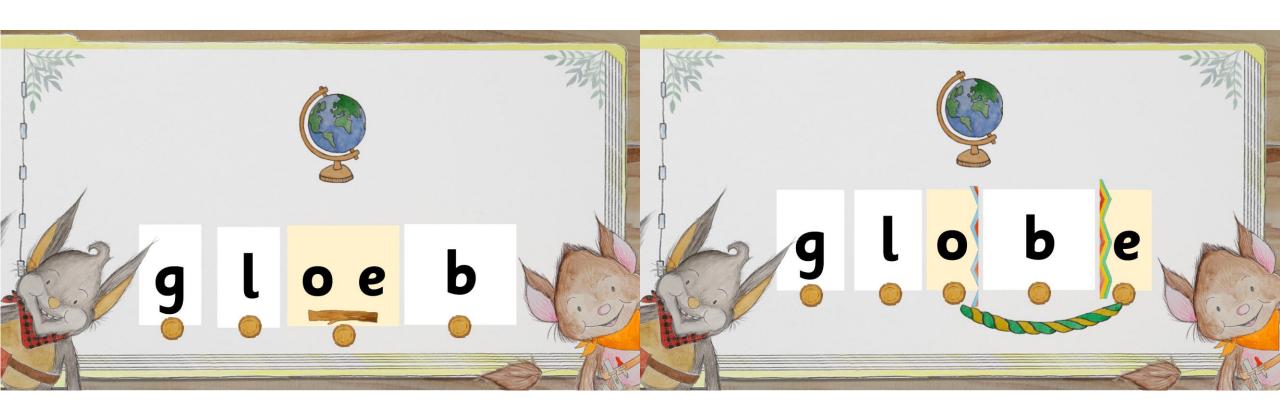








Split Digraphs



Higher Levels 5 Choose to Use with Suze



Supersonic Steps in Teaching New Learning

Supersonic Phonic Job

Practise Read or Write Supersonic Phonic Job

Apply Read or Write

The spelling for the sound we can hear in a word.

Choose to use

leel leal le_el leyl

Listen with Len

See it with Sam

Choose with Suze

Segment with Seb and

Build with Bill

Read with Rex

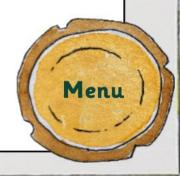
Write with Ron

Choose with Suze

Spelling frame ee ea e_e ey

ee	ea	e_e	ey
sheep	cream	concrete	monkey
bee	dream	complete	donkey
sweet	leaf	delete	honey
feet	sea	swede	key
queen		7	jockey

Ben lives in a house by the sea with a monkey and a sheep.



Tricky Words Basics 2 and 3



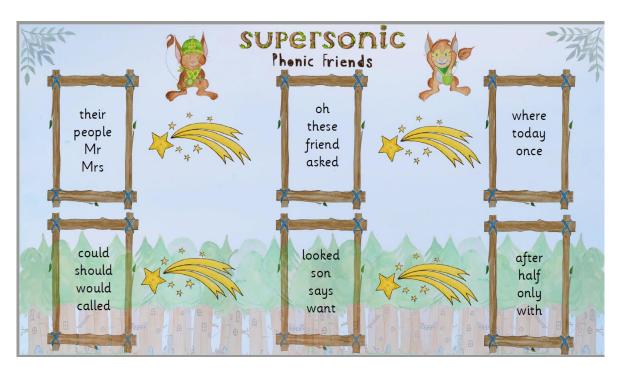


Tricky Words Basics 4 and Higher Levels 5



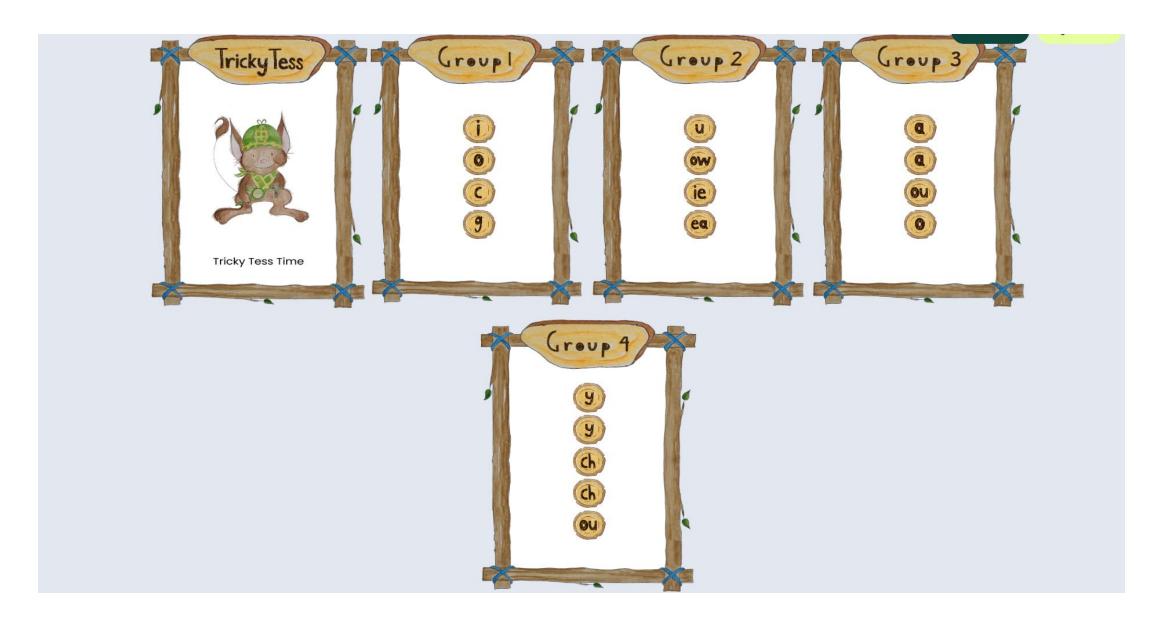


Tricky words Higher Levels 5 continued

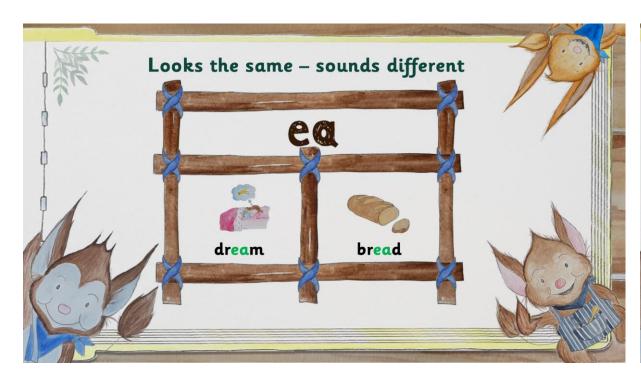


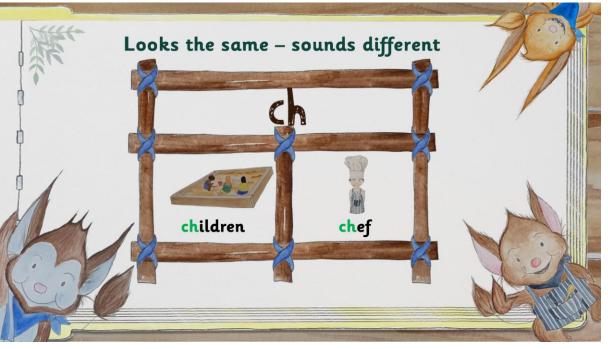


Higher Levels Five- Switch it Mitch Spellings

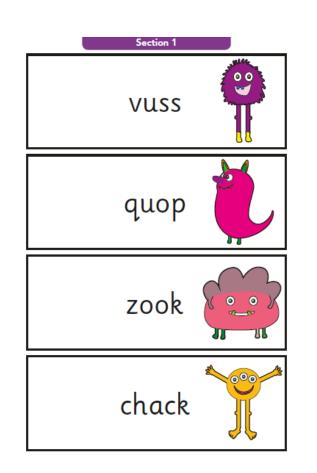


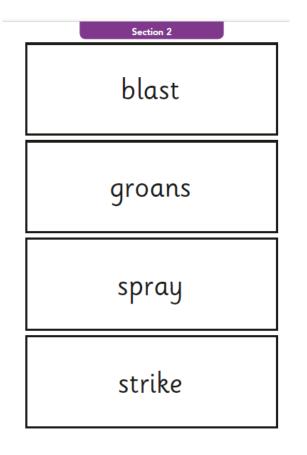
Alternative Pronunciation of Graphemes

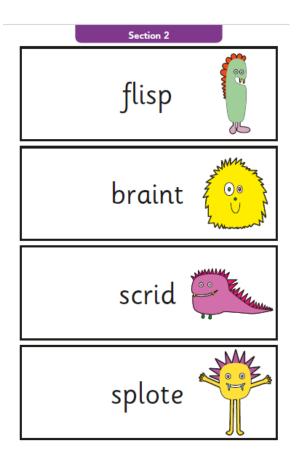


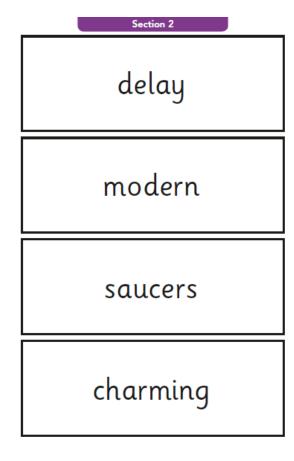


Phonics screen check end of year 1 and 2.

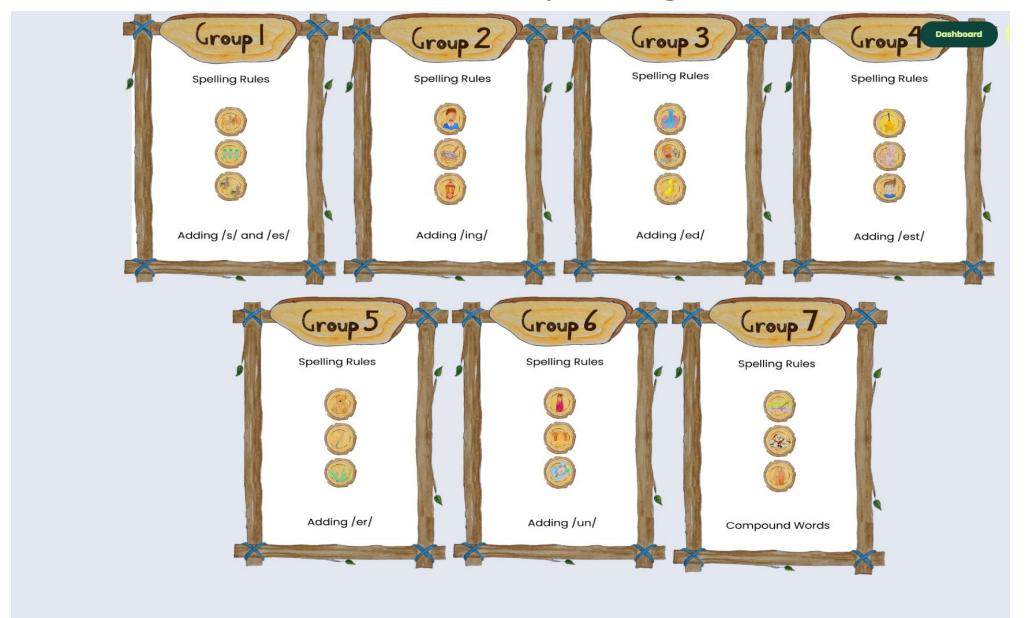




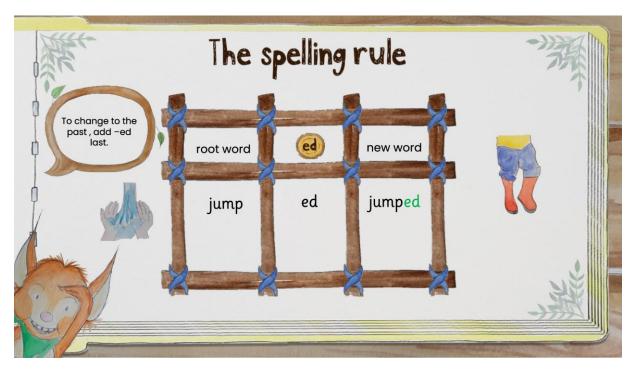




Year One Spelling Rules



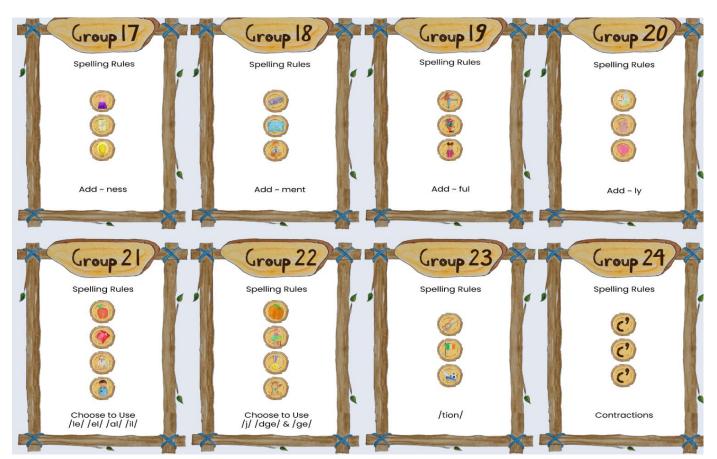
Past Tense: Adding -ed





Year Two Spelling Rules







Spelling Rules When Adding Suffixes





Adding Suffixes to Words

- -s and -es: added to nouns and verbs, as in cats, runs, bushes, catches;
- -ed and -ing: added to verbs, as in hopped, hopping, hoped, hoping;
- -ful: added to nouns, as in careful, painful, playful, restful, mouthful;
- -er: added to verbs to denote the person doing the action and to adjectives to give the comparative form, as in runner, reader, writer, bigger, slower;
- -est: added to adjectives, as in biggest, slowest, happiest, latest;
- -ly: added to adjectives to form adverbs, as in sadly, happily, brightly, lately;
- -ment: added to verbs to form nouns, as in payment, advertisement,

How to Help at Home

- Join the library
- Browse and choose a good one!
- Read a variety of text types
- Check for understanding
- Read to your child
- Let your child see you reading.
- Discuss the pictures.
- Explain meaning of words children may not know

Please remember that phonics is <u>not</u> the only skill needed to become a fluent reader.

Sharing reading

- 1. It's still good to share
- 2. Read with expression
- 3. Talk about books, words and pictures
- 4. Retell stories or events
- 5. Make Links

Practising early reading skills

- 1. Listen to your child read
- 2. Sound it out
- 3. Clap and chunk
- 4. Try expression and flow
- 5. Don't be afraid to back track
- 6. Spot letter patterns in words.
- 7. Read, read, read!

And most of all...

ENJOY READING!

